Shenzhen Yongshun Photoelectric Technology Co., LTD

版本: A1.0

- **PRODUCT : LCD MODULE**
- LCM NO. YS0181015BS037-LD925V1.0
- SUPPLIER: 永顺光电

SPECIFICATION

YS0181015BS037-LD925V1.0

This LCM uses ROHS material

Revision: A1.0

Preliminary

YYS :

永顺光电 确认栏

Quality Assurance Department: 质量部: 郑工

Technical Department: 研发部:郑工

Approved by: 核准: 客户确认栏

Approved by: 客户核准:

CUSTOMER

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版本: A1.0

REVISION RECORD

	CONTENTS	REMARKS
2023-03-22	First release	Preliminary
		2023-03-22 First release

Shenzhen Yongshun Photoelectric Technology Co., LTD

版本: A1.0

Table of Contents

1. General Description
2. Features
3. Mechanical Specification
4. Mechanical dimension
5. Maximum Ratings
6. Electrical Characteristics
7. Module Function Description
8. Timing Characteristics
9. Backlight CharacEtristic
10. Electro-optical Characteristics
11. Reliability
12. Precautions For Using LCD Modules
13. Using LCD Modules
14.Inspection Specification

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版本: A1.0

1.General Description

YS0181015BS037-LD925V1.0 is a 240*RGB*284 dots matrix TFT LCD module. It has a TFT panel Composed of 240 sources and 284 gates. The LCM can be easily accessed by micro-controller via SPI interface.

2.Features

LCD type	IPS
Display Format	Graphic 240RGB*284 Dot-matrix
Interface Type	SPI
Viewing Direction	ALL
Driver	NV3030B
Backlight	White
Display color	16.7M

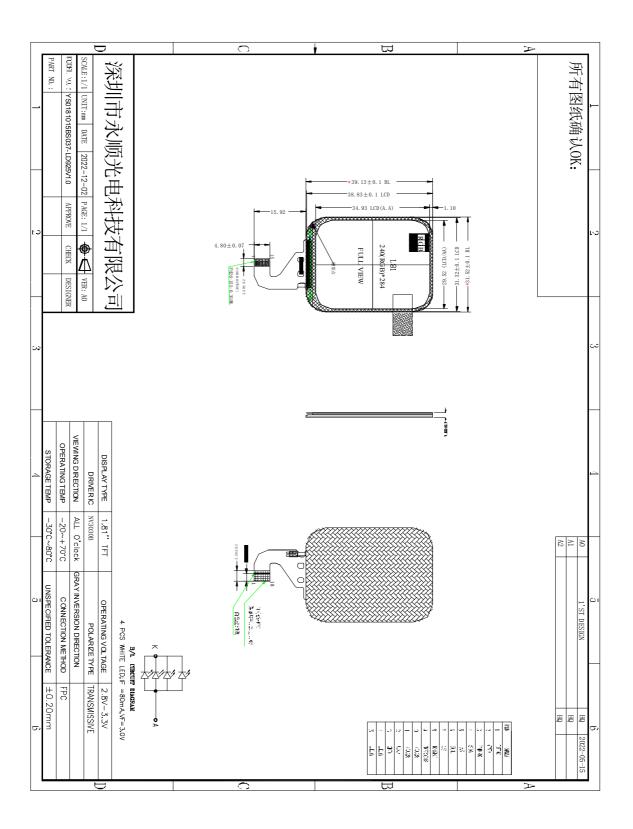
3.Mechanical Specification

Item	Specifications	Unit
Dimensional outline	31.52(W)*39.13(H)*1.6 (T) (exclude FPC)	mm
Resolution 240*RGB*284		Dots
Active area	29. 52 (W) * 34. 93 (H)	mm
Pixel Pitch	0.126 (W)*0.126(V)	mm
ASSY.TYPE COG+FPC		
WEIGHT	TBD	g

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4.MechanicalDimension



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5 . Maximum Ratings

Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Note
Supply voltage for logic	Vci/iovcc	2.8	3.3	V	
Operating temperature	Topr	-10	60	°C	
Storage temperature	Tstr	-20	70	°C	
Humidity	RH		90	%RH	

6.Electrical Characteristics

ltem	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Supply power for logic	V _{DD-Vss}	2.8	2.8	3.3	
I/O power supply	iovcc	1.65/2.5	1.8/2.8	3.3/3.3	
Input high voltage	V _{IH}	0.8lovcc	-	V lovcc	
Input low voltage	V _{IL}	-0.3	-	0.2iovcc	v
Output high voltage	V _{0H}	0.8IOVCC	-	-	
Output low voltage	V _{oL}	-	-	0.2V _{DD}	

7. Module Function Description

1	LEDK	BL positive pin	
2	GND	Power Ground	
3	FMARK	The frame frequency signal	
4	SDA	Serial signal input	
5	RS	Data command select signal	
6	SCL	Serial clock input	
7	CS	Chip select signal input terminal	
8	RESET	Reset the LCM	
9	IOVCC1.8V	Power supply,1.8V type.	

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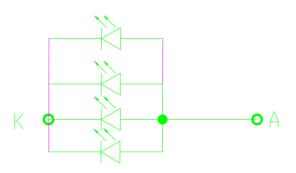
			版本: A1.0
10-11	VCC28	Power supply,2.8V type.	
12-13	GND	Power Ground	
14-15	LEDA	BL negative pin	

8. Timing Characteristics

Please refer to the IC Datashee

Backlight CharacEtristic 9

9.1 Power supply for led backlight



B/L CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

4 PCS WHITE LED; IF =80mA, VF=3.0V

9.2 Absolute maximum rating

uniform **▼**2

	ing				
PARAMETER	SYN	SYMBOL		SPECIFICATIONS	
POWER DISSIPATION	F	PD	Vled X 20mA		mW
OPERATION TEMPERATURE	тс	OPR	-10°C	C ~ +60 ℃	°C
STORAGE TEMPERATUR	RE TS	E TSTG -20℃ ~+70℃		6 -20℃ ~+70℃	
9.3 Electrical characteristic	cs				
Item	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max.	Unit
LEDmodule forward Voltage	V _{LED}	2.8	3	3.3	V
LED module current	I. _{LED} .	15	20	25	mA
LCM Surface brightness Luminance▼1	L _S	230	240	250	Cd/m ²
LCM Surface brightness	L _{.D}	70	75	80	%

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▼1 Test condition is:

(a)Center point on active area

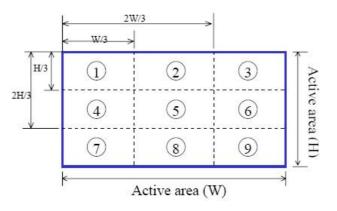
(b)Best Contrast

▼2 Uniform measure condition:

(a)Measure 9 point.Measure location is show below:

(b)Uniform=(Min.brightness/Max.brightness)*100%

(C)Best Contrast.



10. Optical Specification

Optical characteritics are determind after the unit has been on and stable for approximately 30 minutes dark environment at 25° C.the value specified are at an approximate distance 500mm from the lcd surface at a viewing angle and θ equal to 0 10.1 LCD Optical Characteristics

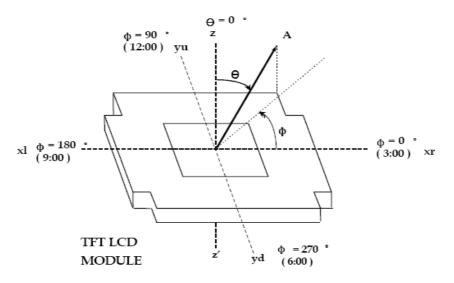
					Ta=	25℃	
parameter		Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	Φ=3 O'clock				85		
Viewing	Φ= 6 O'clock	θ	0-1 10		85		dog
Angle	Φ=9 O'clock	Ø	Cr > 10		85		deg
	Φ=12 O'clock				85		
Conti	Contrast ratio Respone time NTSC		0-0		1200		
Resp			θ=0 Φ=0		35		
N					71		
		Х	-		0.659		
	RED	Y			0.322		
	GREEN	Х			0.264		
CIE(x,y)	GREEN	Y	θ=0 Φ=0		0.588		
chromaticty		Х			0.135		
	BLUE	Y			0.099		
		Х]		0.317		
	WHITE	Y	-		0.355		

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版本: A1.0

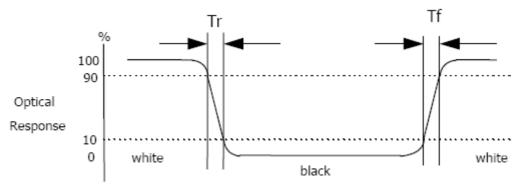
10.2 LCD Optical Characteristics

(1)LCD Viewing Angle



viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10.the angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the lcd surface.

(2) Response time



Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white to black (Rising time, Tr) and from black to white (Falling time, Tf).for additional information

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(3)Contrast Ratio(CR)
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Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as:

Surface Luminance with all white pixels

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Contrast Ratio=

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Surface Luminance with all black pixels

Surface luminance is the center point across the lcd surface 500mm from the surface with all pixels displaying white.

11.Reliability

11.1.Mtbf

The LCD module shall be designed to meet a minimum MTBF value of 50000 hours with normal.(25° C in the room without sunlight).

11.2.Test condition

NO.	ITEM	CONDITION	Cr
1	High Temperature Non-Operating Test	70℃*48Hrs	*No Defect Of Operational
2	Low Temperature Non-Operating Test	-20℃*48Hrs	Function In
3	High Temperature/Humidity Non-Operating Test	50℃*90%RH*48Hrs	Room Temperature Are
4	High Temperature Operating Test	60℃*48Hrs	Allowable.
5	Low Temperature Operating Test	-10℃*48Hrs	
6	Thermal Shock Test	-10℃(30Min) -25℃(5Min) -60(30Min)*2 Cycles	*IDD of LCM in Pre-and Post-test Should
7	ESD test	Voltage:±6KV R: 330Ω C:150pF Air discharge, 10time	Follow Specification

Notes:

- 1. Judgments should be made after exposure in room temperature for two hours.
- 2. The distill water is used for the high temperature/humidity test.
- 3. The sample above is individually for every reliability tests condition.

12.PRECAUTIONS FOR USE OF LCD MODULES

12-1 Handing precations

(1) The display panel is made of glass. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock by dropping it or impact.

(2) If the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance leaks out, be sure not to get any in your mouth. If the substance contacts your skin or clothes, wash it off using soap and water.

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版本: A1.0

(3) Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary.

(4) The polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module is soft and easily scratched. Handle this polarizer carefully.

(5) If the display surface becomes contaminated, breathe on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. If it is heavily contaminated, moisten cloth with one of the following solvents :

- Isopropyl alcohol

- Ethyl alcohol

(6) Solvents other than those above-mentioned may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the following.

- Water

- Ketone

- Aromatic solvents

(7) Exercise care to minimize corrosion of the electrode. Corrosion of the electrodes is accelerated by water droplets, moisture condensation or a current flow in a high-humidity environment.

(8) Install the LCD Module by using the mounting holes. When mounting the LCD module make sure it is free of twisting, warping and distortion. In particular, do not forcibly pull or bend the I/O cable or the backlight cable.

(9) Do not attempt to disassemble or process the LCD module.

(10) NC terminal should be open. Do not connect anything.

(11) If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.

(12) To prevent destruction of the elements by static electricity, be careful to maintain an optimum work environment.

- Be sure to ground the body when handling the LCD modules.

- Tools required for assembling, such as soldering irons, must be properly grounded.

- To reduce the amount of static electricity generated, do not conduct assembling and other work under dry conditions.

- The LCD module is coated with a film to protect the display surface.

Exercise care when peeling off this protective film since static electricity may be generated.

12-2 STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

When storing the LCD modules, avoid exposure to direct sunlight or to the light of fluorescent lamps. Keep the modules in bags (avoid high temperature / high humidity and low temperatures below 0° C). Whenever possible, the LCD modules

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版本: A1.0

should be stored in the same conditions in which they were shipped from our company.

12-3 OTHERS

Liquid crystals solidify under low temperature (below the storage temperature range) leading to defective orientation or the generation of air bubbles (black or white). Air bubbles may also be generated if the module is subject to a low temperature.

If the LCD modules have been operating for a long time showing the same display patterns, the display patterns may remain on the screen as ghost images and a slight contrast irregularity may also appear. A normal operating status can be regained by suspending use for some time. It should be noted that this phenomenon does not adversely affect performance reliability.

To minimize the performance degradation of the LCD modules resulting from destruction caused by static electricity etc., exercise care to avoid holding the following sections when handling the modules.

- Exposed area of the printed circuit board.

- Terminal electrode sections.

13. USING LCD MODULES

13-1 Liquid crystal display modules

LCD is composed of glass and polarizer. Pay attention to the following items when handling.

(1) Please keep the temperature within specified range for use and storage. Polarization degradation, bubble generation or polarizer peel-off may occur with high temperature and high humidity.

(2) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with anything harder than an HB pencil lead (glass, tweezers, etc.).

(3) N-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/rear polarizers and reflectors made of organic substances which will be damaged by chemicals such as acetone, toluene, ethanol and isopropylalcohol.

(4) When the display surface becomes dusty, wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft material like chamois soaked in petroleum benzin. Do not scrub hard to avoid damaging the display surface.

(5) Wipe off saliva or water drops immediately, contact with water over a long period of time may cause deformation or color fading.

(6) Avoid contacting oil and fats.

(7) Condensation on the surface and contact with terminals due to cold will

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版本: A1.0

damage, stain or dirty the polarizers. After products are tested at low temperature they must be warmed up in a container before coming is contacting with room temperature air.

(8) Do not put or attach anything on the display area to avoid leaving marks on.

(9) Do not touch the display with bare hands. This will stain the display area and degradate insulation between terminals (some cosmetics are determinated to the polarizers).

(10) As glass is fragile. It tends to become or chipped during handling especially on the edges. Please avoid dropping or jarring.

13-2 Precaution for handing LCD modules

Since LCM has been assembled and adjusted with a high degree of precision, avoid applying excessive shocks to the module or making any alterations or modifications to it.

(1) Do not alter, modify or change the shape of the tab on the metal frame.

(2) Do not make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the positions of components to be attached.

(3) Do not damage or modify the pattern writing on the printed circuit board.

(4) Absolutely do not modify the zebra rubber strip (conductive rubber) or heat seal connector.

(5) Except for soldering the interface, do not make any alterations or modifications with a soldering iron.

(6) Do not drop, bend or twist LCM.

(7) In order to avoid the cracking of the FPC, you should to pay attention to the area of FPC(R50mm) where the FPC was bent .the edge of cover lay ; the area of surface of Ni-Au platting ,the area of soldering land the area of through hole.

13-3 Elecrto-static discharge control

Since this module uses a CMOS LSI, the same careful attention should be paid to electrostatic discharge as for an ordinary CMOS IC.

(1) Make certain that you are grounded when handing LCM.

(2) Before remove LCM from its packing case or incorporating it into a set, be sure the module and your body have the same electric potential.

(3) When soldering the terminal of LCM, make certain the AC power source for the soldering iron does not leak.

(4) When using an electric screwdriver to attach LCM, the screwdriver should be of ground potentiality to minimize as much as possible any transmission of electromagnetic waves produced sparks coming from the commutator of the motor.

(5) As far as possible make the electric potential of your work clothes and that of

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版本: A1.0

the work bench the ground potential.

(6) To reduce the generation of static electricity be careful that the air in the work is not

too dried. A relative humidity of 50%-60% is recommended.

13-4 Precautions for operation

(1) Viewing angle varies with the change of liquid crystal driving voltage (VO). Adjust VO to show the best contrast.

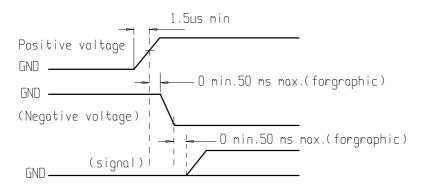
(2) Driving the LCD in the voltage above the limit shortens its life.

(3) Response time is greatly delayed at temperature below the operating temperature range. However, this does not mean the LCD will be out of the order. It will recover when it returns to the specified temperature range.

(4) If the display area is pushed hard during operation, the display will become abnormal. However, it will return to normal if it is turned off and then back on.

(5) Condensation on terminals can cause an electrochemical reaction disrupting the terminal circuit. Therefore, it must be used under the relative condition of 40° C , 50% RH.

(6) When turning the power on, input each signal after the positive/negative voltage becomes stable.



13-5 Storge

When storing LCD as spares for some years, the following precaution are necessary.

(1) Store them in a sealed polyethylene bag. If properly sealed, there is no need for dessicant.

(2) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose to sunlight or fluorescent light, keep the temperature between 0° C and 35° C.

(3) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other objects. (We advise you to store them in the container in which they were shipped.)

(4) Environmental conditions :

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版本: A1.0

- Do not leave them for more than 160hrs. at 70°C.

- Should not be left for more than 48hrs. at -20°C.

13-6 Safety

(1) It is recommended to crush damaged or unnecessary LCD into pieces and wash them off with solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should later be burned.

(2) If any liquid leaks out of a damaged glass cell and comes in contact with the hands, wash off thoroughly with soap and water.

13-7 Limited warranty

Unless agreed between DX and customer, DX will replace or repair any of its LCD modules which are found to be functionally defective when inspected in accordance with DX LCD acceptance standards (copies available upon request) for a period of one year from date of shipments. Cosmetic/visual defects must be returned to DX within 90 days of shipment. Confirmation of such date shall be based on freight documents. The warranty liability of DX limited to repair and/or replacement on the terms set forth above. DX will not be responsible for any subsequent or consequential events.

13-8 Return Lcm Under Warranty

No warranty can be granted if the precautions stated above have been disregarded. The typical examples of violations are :

- Broken LCD glass.

- Circuit modified in any way, including addition of components.

Module repairs will be invoiced to the customer upon mutual agreement. Modules must be returned with sufficient description of the failures or defects. Any connectors or cable installed by the customer must be removed completely without damaging the PCB's eyelet, conductors and terminals.

14.Inspection standard

This specification is made to be used as the standard acceptance/rejection criteria for Color mobile phone LCM with touch pannel.

1 Sample plan

Sampling plan according to GB/T2828.1-2003/ISO 2859-1 : 1999 and

ANSI/ASQC Z1.4-1993, normal level 2 and based on:

Major defect: AQL 1.0

Minor defect: AQL 1.5

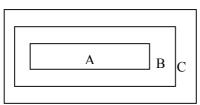
2. Inspection condition

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版本: A1.0

Viewing distance for cosmetic inspection is about 30cm with bare eyes, and under an environment of 20~40W light intensity, all directions for inspecting the sample should be within 45° against perpendicular line.

3. Definition of inspection zone in LCD.



Zone A: character/Digit area

Zone B: viewing area except Zone A (ZoneA+ZoneB=minimum Viewing area)

Zone C: Outside viewing area (invisible area after assembly in customer's product)

Fig.1 Inspection zones in an LCD.

Note: As a general rule, visual defects in Zone C are permissible, when it is no trouble for

quality and assembly of customer's product.

14.1 Major Defect

Item	Items to be	Inspection Standard	Classificatio
No	inspected		n of defects
14.1.1	All	1) No display	
	functional	2) Display abnormally	
	defects	3) Missing vertical, horizontal segment	Major
		4) Short circuit	
		5) Back-light no lighting, flickering and abnormal lighting.	
14.1.2	Missing	Missing component	
14.1.3			
	Outline	Overall outline dimension beyond the drawing is not	
	dimension	allowed.	

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14.1.4 linear	ty No more than 1.5%	

14.2 Cosmetic Defect

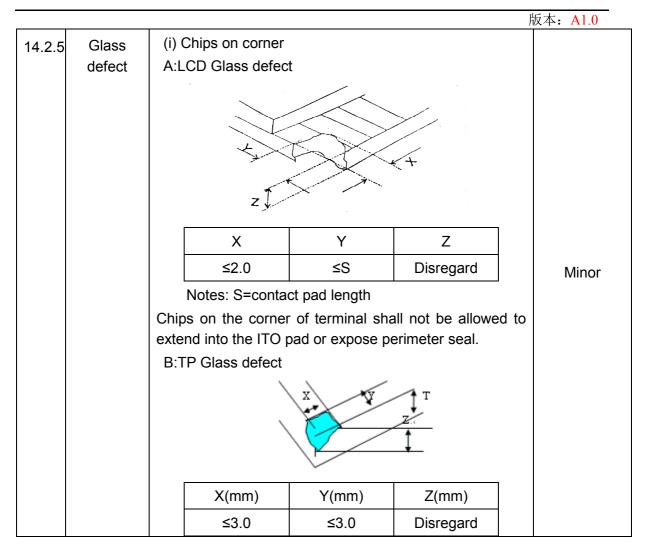
ltem No	Items to be inspected	Ins	Classificatio n of defects			
	Clear Spots Black and	For dark/white spot, s as $\Phi = \frac{(x+y)}{2}$	sizeΦis defi	ined	J ^y	
	white Spot defect Pinhole, Foreign	Zone Size(mm) Φ≤0.1	A	В	able Qty C Ignore	Minor
	Particle, polarizer	0.10 < Φ≤0.2	2			
14.2.1	Dirt	0.2 < Φ≤0.25	1			
		Φ > 0.25	0			

					版本: <u>A1.0</u>
Clear	Zone		Acceptable Q	ety	
Spots	Size(mm)	А	В	С	
TP Dirt	Ф≤0.1	lgr	nore		
	0.10 < Φ≤0.15		3	Ignore	
	0.15 < Φ≤0.25		2	ignore	
	0.25 < Φ		0		
Dim Spots	2. Zone	e Acceptable Qty		ty	
	Size(mm)	А	В	С	
Circle shaped	Ф≤0.2	lgr	nore		
and dim edged	0.20 < Φ≤0.40		2		
defects	0.40 < Φ≤0.60		1	Ignore	
	0.60 < Φ		0		

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ltem No	Items to be inspected		Inspection Standard						
	Line defect	s	ize(mm)	A	cceptable Q				
	Black line,	L(Length	W(Width)		zone				
	White line,)	vv(vvidiri)	А	В	С			
	Foreign	Ignore	W≤0.02	lę	gnore				
	material on polarizer	L≤3.0	0.02 < W≤0.03		2	lanor	Minor		
		L≤2.0	0.03 < W≤0.05	1		lgnor e			
		0.0		Define as spot defect					
14.2.2	Foreign material on	The line operating							
	TP film	P film size(mm)			cceptable Q				
		L(Length	\\/\/\/idth\		zone				
)	W(Width)	А	В	С			
		Ignore	W≤0.03	Ignore					
		L≤5.0	0.03 < W≤0.05	3 Ig		lgnor e			
			0.05 < W	Define a	Define as spot defect				

	1	1					版本:	A1.0		
	Dim line defect	assembling o	If the scratch can be seen after mobile phone cover assembling or in the operating condition, judge by the line defect of 4.2.2.							
14.2.3	Polarizer scratch		If the scratch can be seen only in non-operating condition or some special angle, judge by the following.							
	TP film scratch	Size	e(mm)	A	ccepta	ble Qty				
	Sciateri	L(Length)	W(Width)							
		L(Length)		А	В	С				
		Ignore	W≤0.03	Ign	ore					
		5.0 < L≤10.0	0.03 < W≤0.05		2					
		L≤5.0	0.05 < W≤0.08		1	Ignore				
			0.08 < W		0					

ltem No	Items to be inspected			Classificatio n of defects			
	Polarize Air bubble	Air bubbles betwe					
14.2.4		2. Zone Acceptable Qty					
		Size(mm)	А	В	С		
		Ф≤0.2	lgr	ore	lgnore		Minor
		0.20 < Φ≤0.30		2			
		0.30 < Φ≤0.50		1			
		0.50 < Φ		0			



			版本: A1.0				
ltem No	Items to be inspected	Inspection Standard	Classificatio n of defects				
	Glass	(ii)Usual surface cracks					
	defect	A:LCD Glass defect					
14.2.5		X Y Z ≤3.0 <inner border="" d<="" disregar="" line="" of="" td="" the=""> B:TP Glass defect</inner>	Minor				
		X(mm) Y(mm) Z(mm)					
		≤6.0 <2.0 Disregard					
	(iii) Crack Cracks tend to break are not allowed.						
		Major					

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版本: A1.0

14.3 Parts Defect

ltem No	Items to be inspecte d	Inspection Standard	Classificatio n of defects
14.3.1	Parts contrapo sition	 Not allow IC and FPC/heat-seal lead width is more than 50% beyond lead pattern. Not allow chip or solder component is off center more than 50% of the pad outline. 	Minor
14.3.2	SMT	According to the <acceptability assemblies="" electronic="" of=""> IPC-A-610C class 2 standard. Component missing or function defect are Major defect, the others are Minor defect.</acceptability>	